Future Realized by Smart Cities: Logistics

Issues faced by region

- Improved logistics efficiency
- Simplify procedures through data linkage
- Decrease in the number of people wishing to work in logistics



Illustration of Future Realized by Smart Cities: Logistics

- Introduce new technologies such as robots, drones and automated trucks to improve delivery reliability and speed, and reduce environmental impact.
- Combine various delivery methods, sharing during transportation and reduce labor and paperless processes from shipping to delivery and payment.
- O Reduce the workload of logistics workers and address future human resource shortages through robot technology etc.



Introduce new technologies



Labor-saving and paperless



Reduced workloads and human resource shortages

Introduce automated delivery robots (Haneda Innovation City in Haneda zone 1)

Streamline delivery operations by automating the last mile in on-premise logistics from distribution centers to tenants



Implementing district	Haneda Innovation City in Haneda zone 1 (Haneda Airport Site Zone 1 Development Project Phase 1)
Implementing entity	Haneda Innovation City in Haneda zone 1 promotion council
Initiative outline	• Integrate and analyze the location and operation information of automated delivery robots on the spatial information in the 3D K-Field to implement efficient vehicle operation control.
Technologies and data used	 Robot moving data Building 3D data Data linkage platform etc.

Passenger-cargo consolidation using welfare buses etc. (Kamishihoro Town)

Implement initiatives that overlap passenger transportation and delivery businesses to eliminate traffic congestion zones and improve convenience of transportation

Future image



Drone goods delivery flights in mountainous areas (Rakuten)

Conduct experimental delivery of supplies to mountain lodges at Mount Hakuba using drones.





Source: Rakuten website

Implementing district	Mt. Hakuba
Implementing entity	Rakuten
Initiative outline	 Demonstration experiment of drone delivery of goods from Sarukuraso at the trailhead of Mt. Hakuba in Hakuba Village, Nagano Prefecture, to Hakuba Sanso (mountain lodge) and Hakuba Summit lodge at the summit, with a maximum altitude difference of approximately 1,600 meters. The company has also carried out drone delivery initiatives in Yokosuka City, Kanagawa Prefecture and Shima City, Mie Prefecture.
Technologies and data used	Drone etc.

Future Realized by Smart Cities: Urban Planning and Development

Issues faced by region

- \checkmark Insufficient understanding of the city as a whole through data
- Promote data-based urban planning
- Promote urban development with resident participation



Illustration of Future Realized by Smart Cities: Urban Planning and Development examples

- Promote analysis by converting analog information into data and generating big data for use in policy formulation and business planning.
- O **Promote openness of data** and research on urban planning in industry, academia and government
- Promote active discussion and consensus building among residents regarding community development based on databased plans



Project PLATEAU Identification of vacant houses Data-driven urban planning (Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism) (Matsuyama City) by water meter (Saitama City) Create data on distribution of vacant Aim to create walkable cities, improve Demonstrate the advancement of urban planning, city planning and disaster prevention health and revitalize communities by buildings by deeming buildings with water measures, and the creation of various urban meters that have not been under contract combining various urban data. services through the development and for more than one year to be vacant utilization of 3D urban models. Table 19 Distribution of buildings vacant Data-driven for 1 year (H24) **Urban Planning** Data-driven urban planning lwatsuki-ki Free Wi-Fi Minuma-ku Boarding service Registration Nishi-ku Omiya-ku Ene Ene Midori-ku Left: 3D Urban model Chuo-ku Camera Travel data Right: Overlay with disaster hazard Sakura-ku information (flood inundation assumption) Source: Project PLATEAU special website Source: Saitama City Plan for Measures against Vacant (https://www.mlit.go.jp/plateau/) Houses etc. March 2018 Saitama City 11 Implementing About 50 cities nationwide Implementing Within Saitama City district district Implementing Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Saitama City Implementing Transport and Tourism entitv Within Matsuyama City entitv Implementing district Initiative outline Create 3D city models of about 50 Initiative outline Residential, commercial, cities in Japan and converted them to Matsuyama Smart City Implementing industrial and other buildings open data (excluding public facilities) with Consortium entity Establish data product specifications water meters that have not been etc. for 3D citv models in Japan for Initiative outline Established a methodology for under contract for more than the first time data-driven urban planning one year are considered Demonstrate use cases and publish using urban data sensing, unoccupied. various manuals, including a urban data platform, simulation Data on the distribution of collection of case studies and visualization tool vacant houses can be extracted technologies. 3D city model (CityGML) Technologies not only for each year, but also Basic urban planning maps and basic and data used

Technologies

and data used

People flow data. traffic data

traffic etc.

Simulation and visualization of

over a certain period of time.

Water meter data etc.

Technologies

and data used

20

urban planning survey information

People flow data, traffic data etc.

Issues faced by region

- Decrease and aging of primary industry workers
- ✓ Promote labor savings, efficiency and safety in production
- Early transfer of production know-how for the retention and expansion of new farmers

Illustration of Future Realized by Smart Cities: Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries

- O Reduce the burden of agricultural work and work hours by automating various tasks through the use of robot technology
- Accumulate and utilize data on the techniques, know-how, and judgment of skilled farmers to improve quality and increase yields etc.
- Reduce damage from nature by forecasting growth, predicting pest outbreaks, and collecting and analyzing agricultural weather information



Realize 'Smart Primary Industry' (Iwamizawa City and Sarabetsu Village, Hokkaido)

Unmanned public road driving of smart agricultural machinery from multiple manufacturers through remote monitoring and control using 5G technology



Implementing district	Iwamizawa City and Sarabetsu Village
Implementing entity	Hokkaido Council for Regional Implementation of Future Technology
Initiative outline	 Amid labor shortages, strengthen responsiveness to near-future technologies to save labor and improve efficiency in production Engage in research and demonstration for social implementation of robotic farm machines and drone utilization.
Technologies and data used	Automated drivingRobotDrone

Tochigi Forestry Innovation (Tochigi Prefecture)

Aim to shift to smart forestry through the use of aerial laser measurement to obtain information on forest resources and through efficient production management by the use of ICT.



(Automatic

Prevent damage by birds and beasts using monitoring sensors (Masuda City)

Install monitoring sensors on farmers who have installed bird and animal repelling devices to watch and collect data on birds and animals



Implementing district	Masuda City, mountainous area
Implementing entity	Masuda Cyber Smart City Creation Council, Kumamoto National College of Technology, Masuda City, Yatsushiro City Enterprise
Initiative outline	 Install monitoring sensors connected to IoT backbone infrastructure to monitor birds and animals and create data for efficient extermination.
Technologies and data used	 LPWA (Low Power Wide Area) and electric fences IoT core infrastructure Data linkage platform etc.



	Implementing district	Tochigi Prefecture
	Implementing entity	Tochigi Smart Forestry Promotion Council
	Initiative outline	 Forestry × Future technology aims to shift from analog forestry, which is based on memory and experience, to smart forestry that utilizes digital technology. Initiatives to reduce labor burdens through digitization and visualization of forest resource information, ICT for production management and automation.
	Technologies and data used	Aerial laser surveying 5G