### Chart 1-2-4 Incomes of Aged Households

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Division</th>
<th>Per household</th>
<th>Average Income</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3.079 million yen</td>
<td>1.979 million yen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total income</td>
<td>532,000 yen (17.3%)</td>
<td>2.162 million yen (70.2%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Earned income</td>
<td>182,000 yen (5.9%)</td>
<td>25,000 yen (0.8%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public and mutual-aid pensions</td>
<td>177,000 yen (5.7%)</td>
<td>182,000 yen (5.9%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remittance and other incomes</td>
<td>177,000 yen (5.7%)</td>
<td>25,000 yen (0.8%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All households</td>
<td>5.496 million yen</td>
<td>2.073 million yen</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


(Note) Aged households are households composed of either people aged 65 years or over only or with unmarried persons under 18 years.

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### Chart 1-2-5 Percentage Distribution of Number of Households by the Share of Public Pension/Mutual-Aid Pension in Their Total Income

- Households with less than 20-40%
- Households with less than 40-60%
- Households with less than 60-80%
- Households for which less than 80-100% of their gross income is composed of public and mutual-aid pensions


※In 2009 with the supplementary income payments made, there is a dramatic decrease in "100%" households compared to 60.5% in the previous year.

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### Chart 1-2-6 Public Awareness about Benefit Payouts and Social Security Coverage

- Shoring up the benefit payouts, even with the cost increase
- Support for the cost increase, certain reduction of benefit payouts
- The costs are the same, support for reduction of benefit payouts
- Reduction of the costs, support for reduction of benefit payouts
- Others
- I do not know

Source: Cabinet Office "Opinion poll about elderly people's economic life" (2011)

(Note 1) The survey was carried out nationwide on men and women over 60.

(Note 2) Social security coverage is considered to be coverage for social security costs, taxes, etc. in the survey questions.

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In households headed by a person aged 65 years or over expenditure per person is far above the average of all households. Savings are 1.4 times larger than the average of all households, done mostly for health reasons and long-term care services.

- Yearly expenditures per person in households whose head is a person aged 65 years or over is 1.294 million yen, which is far above the 1.201 million yen average of all households (Chart 1-2-7).

- As for priorities among persons over the age of 60 about how they want to spend their money, the most popular answers are, in order, “expenditures on health maintenance and medical long-term care” (42.8%), “travelling” (38.2%), “expenditures on children and grandchildren” (33.4%) (Chart 1-2-8).

- The data show that households headed by people aged 60-69 years and 70 years or over have large net savings compared with other age classes (Chart 1-2-9).

- Average savings of households headed by people aged 65 or over are 22.57 million yen, approximately 1.4 times larger than the 16.64 million yen average of all households. 16.1% of households headed by elderly have savings of over 40 million yen, which is high compared with all households (10.2%) (Chart 1-2-10).

- As for the purpose of savings, “For health reasons and long-term care services” is the most popular answer with 62.3% of the respondents (Chart 1-2-11).
Chart 1-2-7 Yearly household expenditures per person by the head’s age

Source: based on Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications “Family Income and Expenditure Survey” (2011) as calculated by the Cabinet Office.
(Note 1) One month’s expenditure was multiplied by twelve to calculate one year’s expenditure which was further divided by the average number of persons in a household.
(Note 2) Other consumption expenditures includes sundry expenses (beauty products, etc.), pocket money (unspecified), entertainment expenses, remittance.