ADVANCES IN COMMERCIAL DEPLOYMENT OF MULTI-AUV AND REMOTELY OPERATED VESSELS





OCEAN INFINITY

- Private company formed 2017
- 800+ employees globally
- We are a builder, owner and operator of the largest fleet of commercial remote controlled vessels in the world
- Markets: Deepwater Search & Salvage, Traditional Energy (Oil & Gas), Renewables (Wind), Government, Defence, Scientific Research
- Services: marine robotics, automation, geophysical & geotechnical data collection and processing

Offices in UK, Portugal, Norway, Sweden, New Zealand, Australia, Singapore and the USA.

Services

MAP



Safely completing detailed and precise mapping

INSPECT



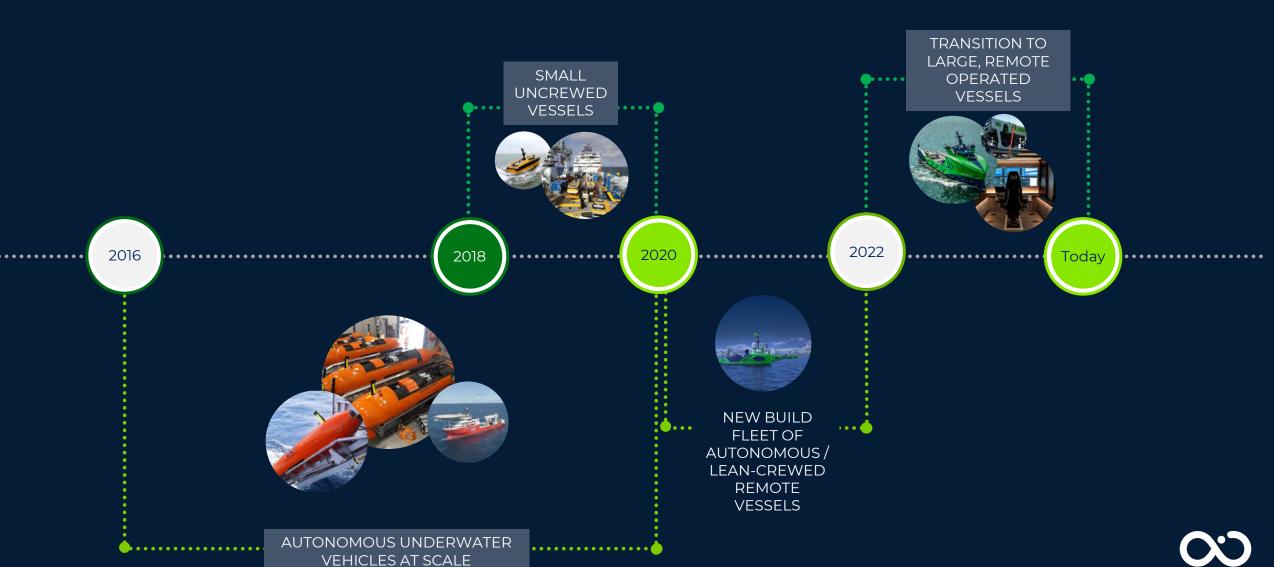
Analysing seabed assets to provide accurate and detailed information LOCATE



World leaders in seabed search, salvage and subsea security.

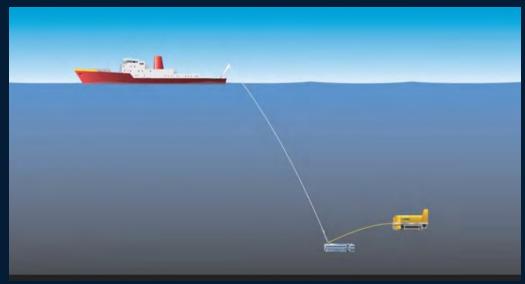


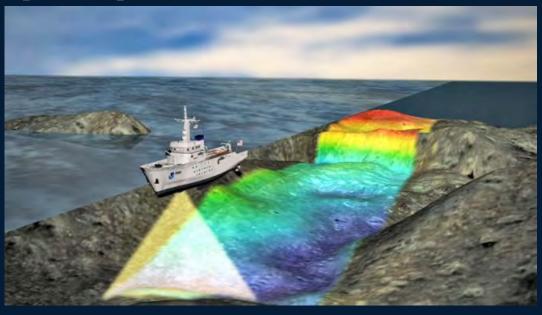
MARINE TECHNOLOGY JOURNEY



OCEAN INFINITY - ORIGINS (2016)

- Goal to search large areas of seafloor in high resolution, quickly
- Hull mounted sensors wide swath at low resolution
- Get sensors closer to seafloor
- Limitations for deep-tow systems
- Untethered sensor systems (AUV)









MULTI-AUV CONCEPT



AUV / USV SYSTEMS PURCHASE (2017)



- 14 x Kongsberg AUVs 6000m rated, 48-90 hour mission capable
- HiSAS 1032, Kraken MINSAS 120, Edgetech Side Scan Sonar
- EM2040 Multi-Beam Echosounder
- Edgetech Sub-bottom profiler
- CathX 12MP Digital Color Stills Camera
- SC Magnetometer
- FLNTU Turbidity / Visibility Sensor / CTD





- 6 x remote surface vessels for acoustic tracking
- 150 hours endurance
- Launch recovery system from host vessel
- Sat / Radio / Wifi mesh comms
- HiPap 502 acoustic tracking of AUVs

(Ask me later about the challenges....)



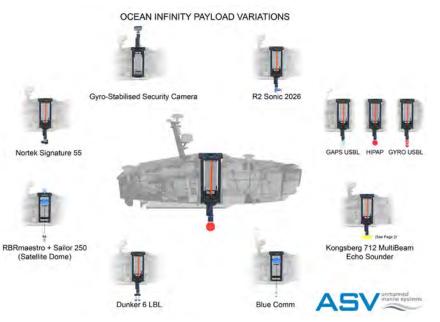
UNMANNED SURFACE VESSEL: 8 METERS



- Endurance 150+ hours
- Persistent monitoring
- Multiple Payload Variants
 - Above and below the water line

- UUV Ops Support
- Station Keeping
- Target Following
- Independent Survey







CONCEPT TO REALITY 2017









OPERATIONAL 2018

- Deployed and operated 8 AUVs simultaneously from 1 vessel
- Covering up to 1,500km² seafloor per day in high-resolution











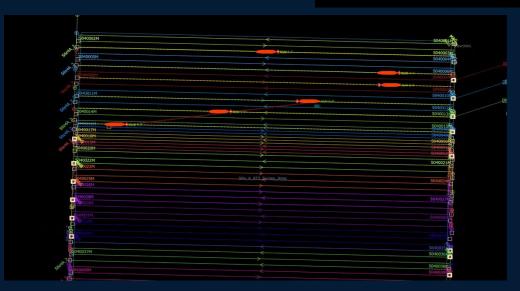
MULTI AUV MISSION PLANNING

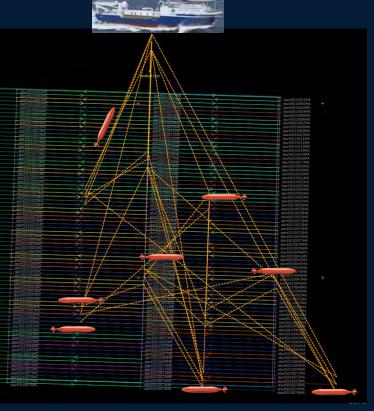
Challenges

- Management of multiple AUV in the water
- Launch and recovery bottlenecking
- Sensor interference (crosstalk)
- Positioning accuracy (0.01% DT)

Solutions

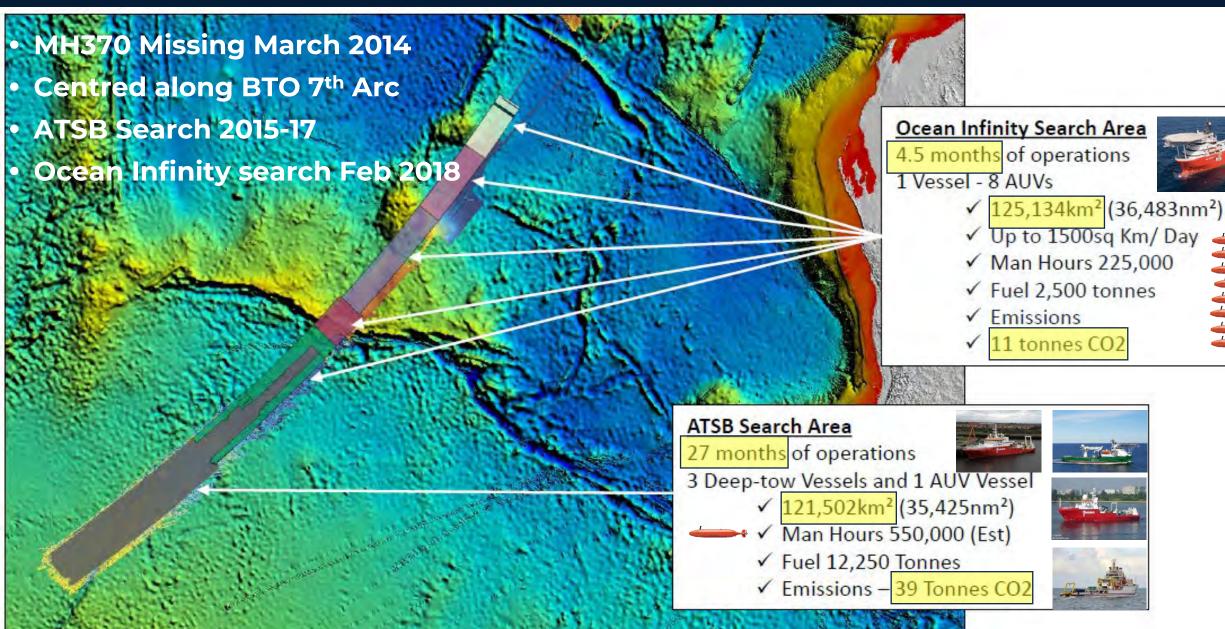
- Developed custom mission planning software with dynamic input "Infinity View"
- Optimizes intelligent launch staggering and line planning
- Designs sparse seabed acoustic arrays to improve positioning accuracy







MULTI-AUV SEARCH FOR MH370



MULTI-AUV SEARCH FOR LOST SUBMARINE

- Nov 2017 ARA San Juan submarine went missing during a routine patrol off the coast of Argentina
- 44 service personnel lost including Argentina's first female submarine officer
- 60-day multi-AUV search 2018
- Sub found 900mwd in November 2018

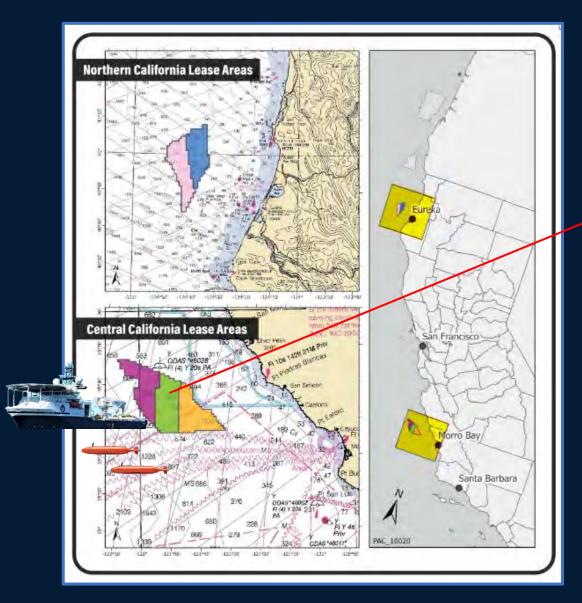


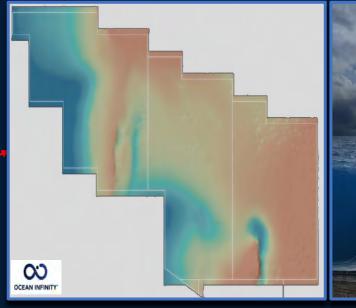






MULTI-AUV GEOPHYSICAL US WEST COAST WIND FARM SURVEY

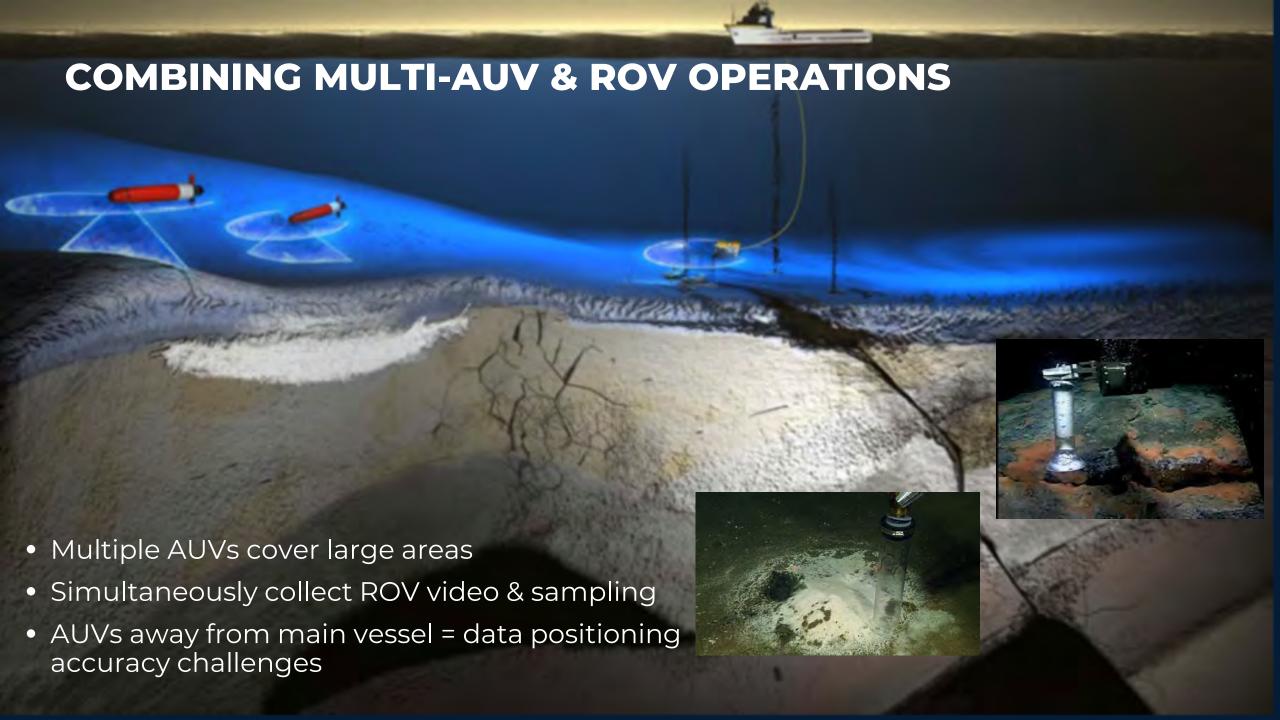






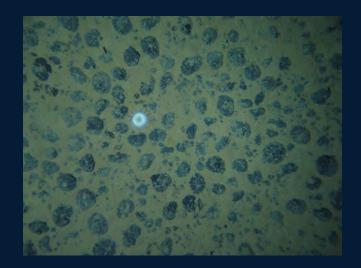
- Multi-AUV Geophysical Site Investigation (2024)
- Survey Area = 324 km²
- 2 x AUVs
- Faster data delivery, less CO2 emissions





MULTI-AUVS DEEPWATER MINERALS

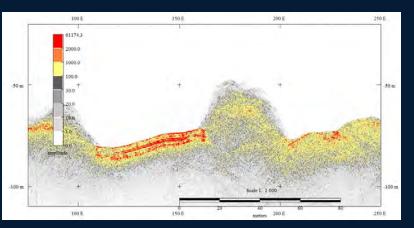
- Polymetallic Nodules: AUV
 + ROV + box coring + water sampling
- Resource Assessment + Document Environmental Baselines
- Massive Sulfides: AUV + SAS + magnetic sensors to delineate deposits



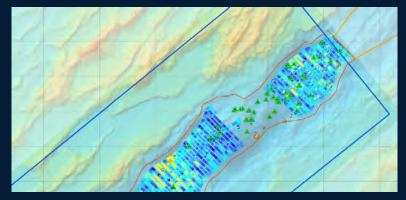




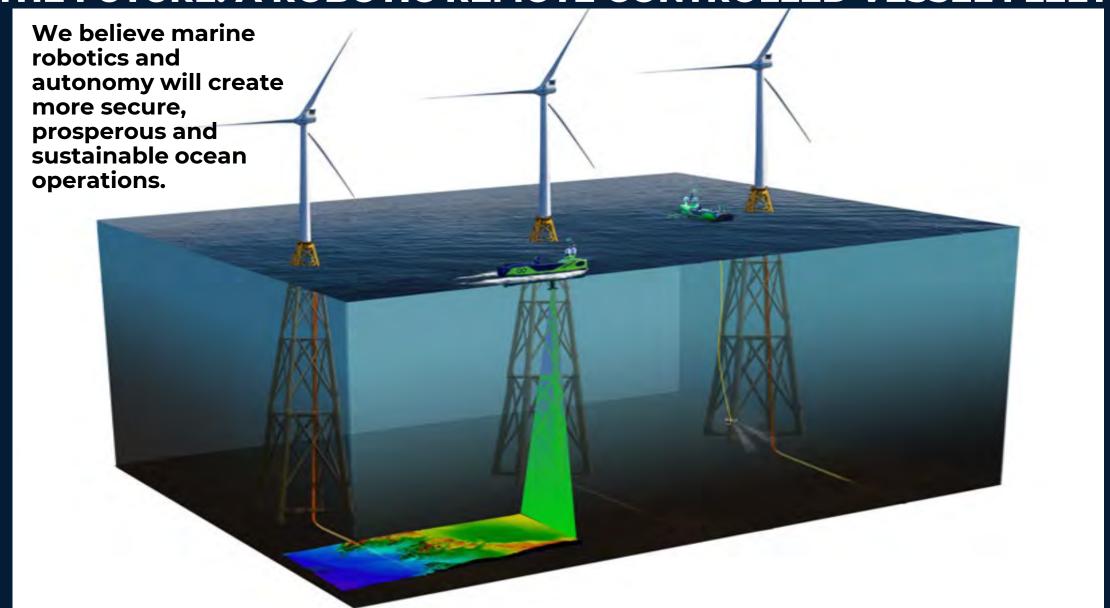








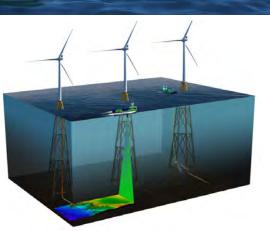
THE FUTURE: A ROBOTIC REMOTE CONTROLLED VESSEL FLEET





UNCREWED AND LEAN-CREWED VESSELS "ARMADA"









"Armada" will consist of a fleet of 23 robotic ships, comprising 21m, 36m, 78m and 85m

Why Remotely Controlled Vessels?

- Reduce Personnel Offshore
- Reduce Vessel CO₂ Emissions
- Automation at scale creates value:
 - less crew changes
 - next generation crew onshore control centers
 - combined expertise in control centers for multiple remote vessels

Armada Remote Controlled Fleet







Series Name
Number off
Length (m)
Beam (m)
Sensor Depth
Propulsion type
Endurance at cruise speed (days)
Moonpool size (m)
Regulatory regime
Services
Other Payloads

Armada 21	Armada 36
4	5
21	36
6.9	11.4
3	3.6
DP1, Diesel electric battery hybrid	DP2, Diesel electric battery hybrid
25	35
2.5 x 1.5	8 x 3
DNV classed hull, MCA workboat code	Classed IMO (Non-SOLAS, MARPOL)
DNV unmanned	DNV unmanned
Survey	Survey
Hydrographic & Geophysical &	Hydrographic, Geophysical and Light RO
Light ROV	Inspection
Towed Survey, ROVs	CPT, Towed Survey, ROVs,AUVs,Dron Inspection

000
Armodo 70
Armada 78
8
~78
~15
6m+
DP2, Diesel electric battery hybrid – Ammonia Fuel Cell
60+
Two 9 x 4
Classed IMO (SOLAS, MARPOL)
Geophysical and Geotechnical
Inspection, Maintenance, and Repair
CPT, Seabed Drills, Towed Survey, ROVs, AUVs, Drone Inspection

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Armada 78	Armada 86
8	6
~78	86
~15	16.5
6m+	6m+
attery hybrid – Ammonia Fuel Cell	DP2, Diesel electric battery hybrid – Ammonia Fuel Cell
60+	60+
Two 9 x 4	Two 9 x 4.5
MO (SOLAS, MARPOL)	Classed IMO (SOLAS, MARPOL)
cal and Geotechnical	Geophysical and Geotechnical
Maintenance, and Repair	Inspection, Maintenance, and Repair
wed Survey, ROVs, AUVs, Drone	50te, subsea crane, ROVs, AUVs, Drone Inspection

No Crew Delivery 2026 **Optional Crew Delivery 2025**

Lean-Crewed 8 in Service in 2024

Lean-Crewed 6 in Service in 2025



Hardware: Fleet

Surface and sub-surface



Long duration, high endurance remote operations in complex, energetic sea-states from the coast to the deep.

Single and multi-asset AUV and ROV deployments, deep and shallow geotechnical and towed geophysical projects.

25x lean/uncrewed, robotic surface vessels

35x robotic and autonomous undersea vehicles



Large – Lean Crewed Armada A78 and A86 8 x A78 and 6 x A86 'lean-crewed' robotic vessels

Medium – USV Armada A36 Ultra lean or uncrewed A36

Small – USV A8 and Drix
Uncrewed A8 and Drix USVs

Sub-surface New build eWROVs Expanded AUV fleet

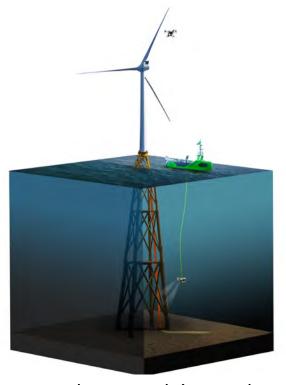
GeotechnicalRange of remote operated CPTs and Sonic
Vibrocorers

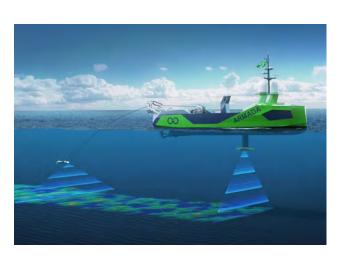
Deep GeotechnicalRemote Operated Seabed coring 'Ocean Drill'

Facilities:
Advanced geotechnical laboratory.
Global Operation Centres

Cyber Security and IT Platform:Secure and responsible IT infrastructure

ARMADA A21 AND A36 (UNCREWED)





- Hydrographic and Geophysical Survey
- Gondola Instrument System
- Light WROV
- Towed Sensor (stern/moonpool)
- Uncrewed, will have manual steerage for port ops

Armada A21 (21 meters): 4 vessels (2026)

Armada A36 (36 meters): 5 vessels (2025)

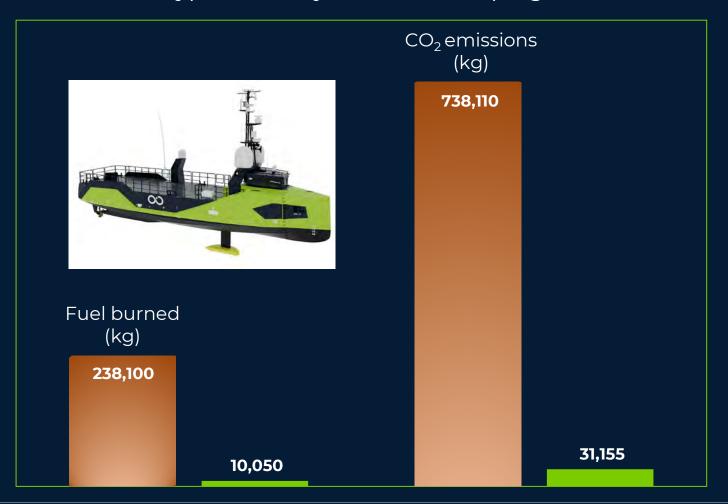


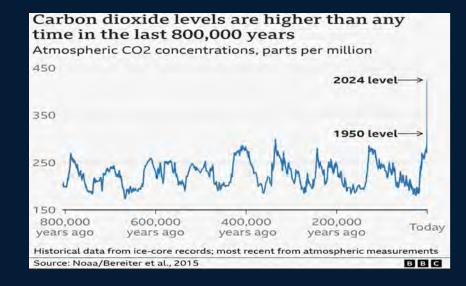


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FUEL ECONOMY REMOTE VESSELS

Typical 21-day offshore campaign





- A36 vessel up to **90% reduction**in CO₂ emissions when compared to conventional vessels.
 - → Armada 78m and 86m will be "ammonia fuel cell" ready by 2026

FIRST ARMADA 78M (A78) BUILT AT VIETNAM (DEC 2021)





FIRST A78 FLOATED FROM VIETNAM YARD (APRIL 2022)













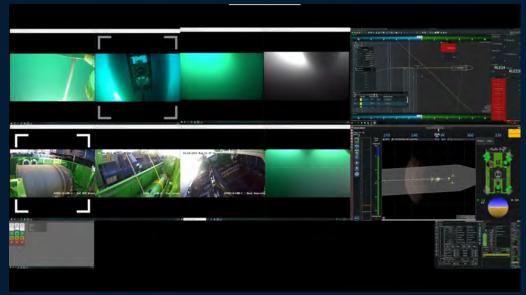
A78 all 8 vessels delivered in 2024

ARMADA 78 METER - ROV CONFIGURATION (2024)







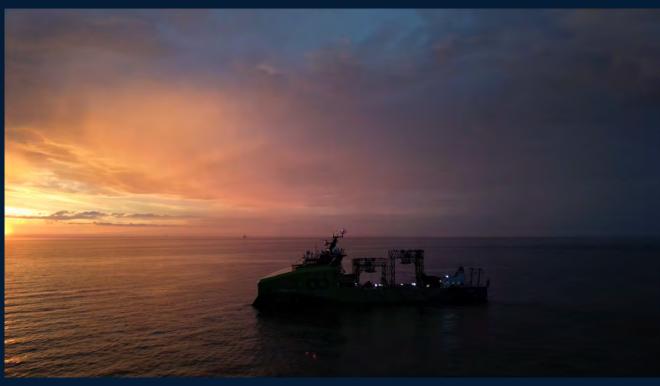






ARMADA 78 METER - GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY CONFIGURATION (2024)





ARMADA 86 METER - GEOTECHNICAL DRILLING CONFIGURATION (2026)



- The first lean crewed geotechnical survey vessel in history
- Seabed drilling system sample to 120m below mudline
- Application in wind farm and energy field development
- Commercial use early 2026



REMOTE VESSEL CONTROL

Our Remote Control Centers connect onshore human operators with offshore robotic platforms.

Next Generation Marine Operations

From custom operator consoles, our mariners and data acquisition specialists will safely and efficiently harvest vast quantities of ocean data.

Safe Navigation

Our Remote Control Centre will comply with maritime regulations and safety rules. They will set the standard for a new way of working in marine operations.



REMOTE VESSEL CONTROL

• Communications and security critical for uncrewed and lean crewed vessels

Communications and Security entited for afference and learner enemed vessels



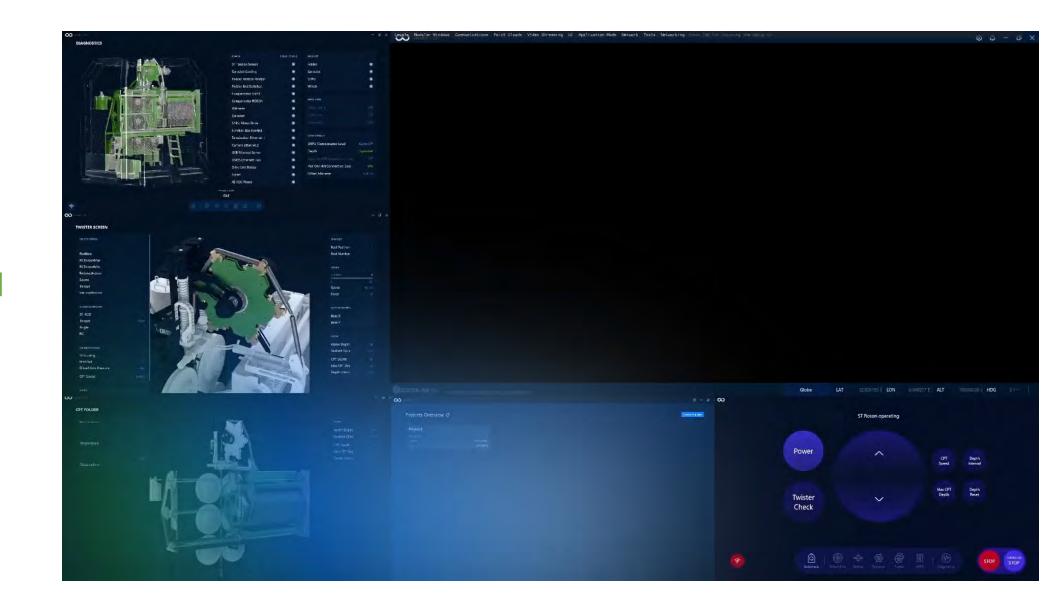


NEXT DECADE: DIGITAL TWIN MARINE OPERATIONS

Software Engineering

- Replicate physical asset in a virtual environment
- Will enhance remote control of ROVs from onshore control centers
- Ambition is to control more complex systems via Digital Twins: geotech CPT and drills

Coupling physical and digital operations.





- Use of multiple AUVs from single vessel: greater, high-res seafloor data, less vessel time, lower CO₂ emissions
- Autonomous and Remote-Controlled vessels: onshore payload personnel, lower CO₂ emissions, wide expertise in control centers
- Engaging youth to join maritime industry
- Challenges for fully autonomous vessels:
 - Adoption international maritime regulations and flag state
 - Technical challenges: robotics technology for payload launch, recovery and maintenance
 - Security (both data and physical) is critical
- Advances in AI, robotics, digital processing will allow Digital Twin Models for mission planning and real-time control
- Full autonomy of large offshore vessels is within sight!

